

INSTITUTE OF INDIGENOUS MEDICINE, UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO, RAJAGIRIYA
BAMS LEVEL IV – SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION– SEPTEMBER 2018
KAYA CHIKITSA II
COURSE CODE – KC 4203

Date – 04.09.2018
Time - 2 ½ hours
1.45 p.m. – 4.15 p.m

Index No

Answer all questions

Part I - Structured Questions

1.

1.1

Describe *Nidana* (etiological factors) of *Tamaka Shvasa*

(03 Marks)

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1.2

State clinical features of *Tamaka Shvasa*

(02 Marks)

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1.3

Explain the *Chikitsa sutra* of *Tamaka shvasa*

(02 Marks)

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2.

Filling the blanks of following paragraph by using given terms below.

(0.5 marks for each = Total 7 marks)

(*Shleshmala kalabhaga, Nidanarthakara roga, Svatantra, Amashaya, Amashaya kala, Hetuapratyaneeeka Chikitsa, Hrillasa, Dvishtartha Yogaja chardi, Krimija chardi, Sarpiguda* and *Kshiri vidhi, Yamani Shadava* and *Tintadi Panaka, Bhaktaja, Thanu yavagu* and *Gudodaka, satadautha ghrta*)

Aruchi, Thrushna and *Chardi* are best examples for (1)

(2) *Aruchi* is very rarely manifested in human being. It

Produces mild burning sensation of (3)..... in the (4)

..... and it is the *Adhistana* of *Aruchi*. *Aruchi* can be

seen as a main feature of *Karkatarbudha*, if required blood for (5)

..... were not sufficiently supplied. For *Manasaruchi* (6)

..... should be applied. In *Doshaja Aruchi* different

kind of special preparations used for management.

(7)..... some of them.

Chardi is mentioned as a *roga*, in one place as a sign and in one place and as also an *Upadrava*.

(8) one of the premonitory symptoms of *Chardi* and symptom

of (9) where it is one of the five types *Aganthuja*

chardi and also known as (10) In management of

chronic *chardi* (11) were recommended.

Like *Kshudha Trushna* also a Natural disease. Thirst is of seven types. Presently (12)

..... type is more common. It should be treated with Emesis, (13)

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As a common treatment for patient suffering from *Thrushna*, Milk mixed with (14)

..... should be applied after taking bath in cold

water.

3.

3.1. Briefly, explain the treatment principle for *Sandhigata vata roga*.

(02 Marks)

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3.2. List out the ingredients of “*Rasna shigru punarnavagaru kashaya*” with the method of preparation. (02 Marks)

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3.3. Briefly, describe the *Hanustambha* (02 Marks)

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4.
4.1. Complete the following *Shloka* and write its meaning

'Klamah sado bhramah shosho' (02 Marks)

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4.2. Write down the etiological factors of *Hrud Roga* according to Ayurveda text books. (02 Marks)

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4.3. List out the ingredients of a decoction for *Vataja hrud roga*.

(02 Marks)

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5.

5.1. Describe the *Samprapti* (etiopathogenesis) of *Shotha roga*

(03 Marks)

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5.2. State, the types of *Shotha roga*.

(02 Marks)

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5.3. Write down a suitable decoction for a patient suffering from *Sarvanga shotha* (02 Marks)

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6.

6.1. State, general features (*Samanya lakshana*) of *Gulma roga* (03 Marks)

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6.2. Briefly, explain the *Rakta gulama* (04 Marks)

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Part II – Essay Questions

1. A patient is having fever, dyspepsia (*Agnimandya*), heaviness of the body, severe pain and swelling in knee joints, wrist joints, shoulder joints and slight pain in other joints of the whole body since 03 weeks.

Based on the above description,

1.1. What are the differential diagnoses? (04 Marks)

1.2. State the diagnosis of the disease condition with justification. (06 Marks)

1.3. Explain the *Chikitsa sutra* for the above diagnosed disease and prepare a suitable *Chikitsa patra* for the above mentioned patient. (10 Marks)

2.

2.1. Describe the clinical features of *Gudrasi roga*. (06 Marks)

2.2. Write down the recipes of two (2) decoctions given for *Gudrasi roga*. (06 Marks)

2.3. Describe the *Avabahuka roga*. (04 Marks)

2.4. Discuss principles of the treatment of *Paraspara avarana vata*. (04 Marks)